Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) on Guidelines related to Voluntary Retirement Scheme (VRS)/ Voluntary Separation Scheme (VSS) for employees of Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs).

	Question	Reply
6. No.	Whether allowances like Personal Pay, HRA, NPA, Family Planning increment are to be taken into account for computation of ex-gratia under VRS?	Basic pay plus DA only is to be taken into account for computation of ex-gratia under VRS/VSS.
2.	Whether computation of VRS compensation would be on prorata basis for both part of completed year of service and the part of the remaining period of service?	gratia on pro-rata basis. Logically, this pro-rata calculation should also be on the remaining part of service.
3.	Whether the post of the employee who has taken VRS is to be abolished?	vacancies arising out of VRS.
4.	How would the computation of ex-gratia (VRS) under Gujara pattern be done?	t Illustration-1.
5.	Whether any arrears of ex-gratiare to be paid in the event of parevision being sanctione subsequent to voluntare separation?	basis of revised pay and the difference needs to be paid as arrears, if the benefined of revised scales of pay is allowed retrospectively, as explained illustration-2.
6.	Under the Gujarat pattern, w the compensation for the balan service be calculated @ 25 da for every year of service left?	ce the digital part of services war of services

26 d	lays a month would be ded even for VRS optees who gone out before 05-05-	Till 05.11.2001, calculation of VRS @ 26 days a month was allowed under the Gujarat pattern only. As there was no concept of Gujarat pattern VRS before 05.5.2000, the employees who have already opted VR under the 05.10.1988 guidelines would be covered under 30 days a month.
sha 30 mo	ether the salary for VRS/VSS Il be calculated on the basis of days in a month or 26 days a nth.	confusion in the matter of calculations one day's salary in other models of VRS, it has been decided that under Gujarat pattern also, the salary for VRS/VSS shall be calculated on the basis of 30 days in a month and not 26 days.
10. 6 p	nder VSS, will the employee bentitled for 60 months' salar yen if he has not completed 3 ears of service?  O months' salary as ex-gratiantermissible under VSS scheme Department of Heavy Industry. The VSS scheme is modelled Gujarat pattern Industry (parallel of O.M. dated 05.05.2000), which is employee be still entitled 60 months salary if he completed 30 years or misservice?	is Sixty months salary as compensation is attached to VSS package of the Department of Heavy Industry only and not under Gujarat model.  a 5 will for has acree
11.	Whether PF, leave encashm gratuity, notice pay, LTC payable to employees in cas voluntary retirement?	the relevant statutes and the service conditions. These are outside the computation of ex-gratia on voluntary retirement.
12.	Is any minimum quali service necessary for optim VRS?	ifying No age bar or minimum qualifying ng for service is prescribed.

13.	Do the companies have the choice to opt for either the Gujarat model or VSS on DHI Gujarat model for sick and unviable model for sick and unviable and unviable model for sick and unviable areas will have a choice between
14.	whether the employees who have completed 30 years of service are eligible for ex-gratia amount subject to a maximum to amount subject to a maximum to amount subject with two schemes.  Sixty months salary as compensation is attached to VSS package of the Department of Heavy Industry only and not under Gujarat model.
15	The managements have the right to reject the VR application of certain employees as they have to ensure that the company is not denuded of talents. In that case, what would be the treatment given to such employees who have been employees who have been retained by the management in case the CPSE is closed. Will they be offered VSS in case the CPSE is closed. Will they be offered VSS even after a lapse of three months or will they be paid retrenchment compensation
	Whether Casual Leave may be enchased on pronotification of VRS or actual date of relieve of employee?  Whether the encashment of casual leave is permitted only in Gujarat pattern?  Casual leave may be enchased on pronotice rata basis up to the date of release of employee.  Casual leave may be encashed on pronotice rata basis up to the date of release of employee.  One month/three months notice pay (a per service conditions applicable to the employees) may be paid. TA for the employees who are to opt or have opted for VRS?

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		purpose, the entitlement will include transportation cost of personal effects and travelling cost of self and family members, as admissible under the entitled classes.
19.	Whether he notice period pay is to be paid in addition to 60 months salary as compensation in case an employee has completed 30 years of service and the remaining period of service is 75 Months.	instantaneously and payment is arranged by the management on the same day, the concerned individual
		cases notice period pay would not be admissible as the individual has already drawn the salary during the notice period.
2	Whether it is mandatory introduce new VR Scheme continue with the exist scheme?	or supersession of the ord
	Scholle.	4

21.	middle of any particular month, whether full months salary is to be computed for VRS purpose?	an employee is entitled to payment of calary till the date of voluntary retirement, regardless of the date of implementation of the VRS. As for computing the completed years and months of service for the purpose of exgratia, the datum will be the date on which the employee in question had joined service.
22.	If the employee has completed 20 years and 9 months service whether he will be paid compensation for 20 years service or compensation for 20 years of service plus proportionate days salary for the nine months service also?	The calculation would have to be based on every completed year of service or part thereof. The part of the year served shall be entitled for ex-gratia on pro rata basis.
23.	Whether service rendered in other PSEs would be taken into account for purpose of computation of VRS from the latter employing organization?	Leave and Provident Fund. Gratuity would be as per the provisions of the Act.
24.	www	computation of the ex-gratia on notional salary revision" is based on DPE's O.M. dated 25-06-1999 on Revision of Scales of pay w.e.f. 01-01-1997 in respect of Board level and below Board level posts. In this O.M., it is mentioned that there should be no notional revision of pay for the purpose of determining of VRS in sick enterprises.
25	Whether an employee whose parevision was effected from 0.01-1992 and having one year balance service left would entitled for 50% increase compensation as per DPE's 0.01-2001?	of the decoration of the riders.  of 05.05.2000 along with the riders.  Thereafter, the recent amendment issued vide OM dated 06.11.2001 would be a second of the riders.

27. V	whether the executives/ nonecutives whose scales of pay two been revised with effect of 01-01-1992 but no further twision has taken place are nititled to 50% increase on their xisting pay scales?  Whether the payments made as exergatia (with 50% increase), gratuity, leave encashment and pay arrears are recalculated in case pay revision would be case pay revision would be allowed at later date w.e.f. 01.01.1997?  Whether the workman and staff wage revision effected from different date other than 01.01.1987 and 01.01.1992 are entitled for the benefit of 50% or100% increase? If so, at what basis?  Yes, the executives/non-executives who got the benefit of revised scales of pay greyised scales of pay in case the revised scales of pay are made effective subsequently (actually with effect from 01.01.1997). The increased exergatia on 1.01.1997). The increased exergatia on 1.01.1997 and or of the relevant statutes and service conditions. These are outside the computation of exergatia on voluntary retirement.  Whether the workman and staff wage revision effected from different date other than 01.01.1987 and 01.01.1992 are entitled for the benefit of 50% or100% increase? If so, at what basis?  Any wage revision permitted by the PSEs for a period promitted by the promitted by
29.	Whether leave salary and gratuity payment would be made on the basis of increased in compensation as 50% or 100%?  Would also be followed made workers/staff not covered by DPE guidelines.  These are to be paid to the employees opting for VRS as per the provisions of the relevant service conditions and statute. These are outside the computation of ex-gratia on voluntary
	retirement.

0.	Will encashment of siers with time of taking VRS/VSS be	Since Government's guidelines do not permit encashment of sick leave, the same cannot be en-cashed. Encashment of EL however, shall be governed by DPE 0.M dated 24.04.1987, 05.08.2005, 10.12.2008 and 26.10.2010.
31.	Will the casual workers be included for the purpose of VRS/VSS who have completed more than 20 years of service?	VRS/VSS.  Contract employees are outside the
32.	Whether the contract employees appointed on Contract basis can be considered as temporary employees for purposes of VRS If yes, how the compensation would be calculated?	purview of VRS.

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## ILLUSTRATION - 1

# VRS COMPENSATION UNDER GUJARAT PATTERN

# Computation of one Day's Salary in Gujarat Pattern

Basic + DA

Rs. 7000 + Rs. 2500 = Rs. 9,500

Rs. 9500/26 days = Rs. 365.38 (one day's salary)

Completed 32 years service

32 Yrs. X 35 days X Rs. 365.38 = Rs. 4,09,225.60

NOTE: (i) for computation of one day's salary 26 days a month is taken.

(ii) similar is for the remaining period of service left.

## Remaining 3 years service:

3 years x 25 x Rs. 365.38 = Rs. 27,403.50

Total amount payable: Rs. 409225.60 + Rs. 27403.50 = Rs. 4,36,629.10

Amount to be paid shall be restricted to:  $3 \times 12 = 36$  months

Total amount to be paid as VRS compensation:  $36 \times Rs. 9500 = Rs. 3,42,000/-$ 

NOTE: The payable amount would have to be restricted to Rs. 3,42,000/-.

#### **ILLUSTRATION - 2**

### Example for Calculation of VRS Ex-gratia Arrears

### **Assumptions:**

- (i) VRS (on DHI pattern) takes place in the CPSE on 01.01.2012.
- (ii) 2007 Pay Scales have been extended retrospectively to the employees of the sick CPSE w.e.f. 01.01.2007.
- (iii) Arrears paid to all employees w.e.f. 01.01.2007.
- (iv) Employee in E-5 grade completed 30 years of service with left over period of five years (i.e. 60 months).

(Figures in Rupees)

Before the implementation of 2007 pay scales	After the implementation of 2007 pay scales
E-5 Scale (Pre-revised) 16000- 400-20800  Ex-gratia payment will be paid @ 45 days (1½ months)' emoluments (Basic pay + D.A.) for 30 years of completed years, it would be 45 months. Since this is less than 60 months of left over service, 45 months would be considered for the purpose of calculating the ex-gratia.  Basic pay - 16,000 D.A. (164.6 %) - 26,336	
42,336 Amount of ex-gratia payable to the employee:  42,336 x 45 = 19,05,120	Difference to be paid: 4,14,810 (23,19,930 minus 19,05,120)

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